

United States Patent and Trademark Office

fh

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/688,888	10/21/2003	Jun Iida	Q78035	2765
23373	7590 11/18/2005		EXAMINER	
SUGHRUE MION, PLLC 2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W.			QIN, JIANCHUN	
SUITE 800	ILVANIA AVENUE, N.W.		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGTO	ON, DC 20037	2837		
			DATE MAILED: 11/18/200:	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/688,888	IIDA, JUN			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Jianchun Qin	2837			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app r Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exten after - If NO - Failur Any re	CRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DAISIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status	•					
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 Se	eptember 2005.				
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ 5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-4 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-4 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or					
Application	on Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the e Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119		·			
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	:					
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:				

Application/Control Number: 10/688,888 Page 2

Art Unit: 2837

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objection

- 1. Claim 2 is objected to because the amended language is indefinite and cannot be clearly understood by the Examiner. Therefore, it is examined based on the best interpretation by the Examiner.
- 2. Claim 2 recites the limitation "melody unit". There is insufficient antecedent basis or definition for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Miyaki et al. (U.S. Pub. No. 20010055464).

Miyaki et al. teach a creation system of melody and image synchronous information comprising event information insertion means for inserting event information in melody information at timing of image renewal in matching with said melody for

Art Unit: 2837

reproduction of images in synchronization with melody (section 0038, lines 9-12; section 0072, lines 16-25).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 2-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Futamase et al. (U.S. Pub. No. 20040007120) in view of Miyaki et al. (U.S. Pub. No. 20010055464).

With respect to claim 2:

Futamase et al. teach: a melody and image synchronous generation system comprising: melody generation means for generating melody based on melody information (sections 0195 and 0196); event information detection means for detecting event information inserted in the melody information (sections 0203); and image generation means for generating images at timing of respective detections of the event information by the event information detection means on the basis of image information (sections 0206 and 0207).

Futamase et al. do not mention expressly: said melody generation means continues to provide said melody information, and said event information detection

Art Unit: 2837

means detects event information and causes said image generation means to generate an image for display and renew said displayed image until another event information is detected.

Miyaki et al. teach synchronous information reproduction apparatus, and including: providing melody information on a continuous basis, detecting event information and generating an image for display and renewing said displayed image until another event information is detected (sections 0038 and 0072).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made incorporate the teaching of Miyaki et al. into the invention of Futamase et al. in order to generate and display the images dynamically based on the event information extracted from the melody information provided on a continuous basis (sections 0038 and 0072).

With respect to claims 3 and 4:

Futamase et al. further teach: image timing control means for controlling timing of image generation at the image generation means on the basis of the event information detected by the event information detection means (sections 0203, 0206 and 0207); and receiving means incorporating storage means for storing the melody information and the image information as received (sections 0068, 0073, 0146, 0176 and 0177).

Conclusion

7. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

Art Unit: 2837

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed 09/28/05 with respect to claims 1-4 have been considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding claim 1, Applicant argued that "non of this information concerns the actual creation of melody and image synchronous information". This argument is not persuasive. The Examiner's position is that all the subject matters recited in the claimed invention have been fully taught or suggested or disclosed by the cited prior art reference as reasoned above (see sections 3 and 4 set forth above in this Office Action). Applicant's reliance upon the specification in this regard is noted. However, the features in the specification to which Applicant refers are not recited in the rejected claim. Although the claim is interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Moreover, the term "creation" is recited in the preamble

Art Unit: 2837

of the claim only. Such recitation has not been given patentable weight because a preamble is generally not accorded any patentable weight where it merely recites the purpose of a process or the intended use of a structure, and where the body of the claim does not depend on the preamble for completeness but, instead, the process steps or structural limitations are able to stand alone. See *In re Hirao*, 535 F.2d 67, 190 USPQ 15 (CCPA 1976) and *Kropa v. Robie*, 187 F.2d 150, 152, 88 USPQ 478, 481 (CCPA 1951). The rejection stands.

Claims 2-4 are rejected as new grounds have been found from Miyaki et al. (U.S. Pub. No. 20010055464) to teach the limitation added in the amended claim. Detailed response is given in sections 5 and 6 as set forth above in this Office Action.

Contact Information

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jianchun Qin whose telephone number is (571) 272-5981. The examiner can normally be reached on 7am - 4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Martin can be reached on (571) 272-2107. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Art Unit: 2837

Page 7

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JQ June 24, 2005

DAVID MARTIN
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY GENTER 2800

Jianchun Qin Examiner Art Unit 2837/